The Kashmiri Identity: "Kashmir Enclave" at Georgetown University

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- The "Jammu and Kashmir" entity has a total area of about 87,000 square miles. Areas of the component territories are:
 - Jammu and Kashmir State (Jammu, Kashmir and Ladakh), 39,000 square miles (45%)
 - Azad Kashmir, 5000 square miles (6%)
 - Northern Areas, 25,000 square miles (29%)
 - Aksai Chin, 12,000 square miles (14%)
 - Global Focus: Kashmir Valley 6000 square miles (7%, 15%)
- What is Kashmiri Identity?
 - Cultural Roots: Empires of Maurya, Kushan and Vikramaditya of Ujjain
 - Advent of Islam: 1322, 1339, 1389 (Sultan Sikander Butshikan)
 - Evolution of Kashmiriyat: 1423, 1589
 - Rise of Wahabism: 1975, 1985
 - Islamization of Kashmir: 1986, 1989, 1990
 - Death of Kashmiriyat: March 1997, June 1997, January 1998
- Why is Kashmiri Identity So Much in News Today?
 - Distraction for a dysfunctional state with no time for development
 - Employment generator for "political shops" within valley
 - Nurturing of "alienation complex" among ruling elites
 - A new factor in local politics: Muslims uniting to resist return of Pandits, refugees (internally displaced) since 1989-1990
- Restoring faith among minorities:
 - It is not going to be easy: There is a serious lack of visionary leadership
 - No space for robust civil society or challenges to Islamist narrative
 - Truth and Reconciliation Commission
 - Political Overtures
 - Economic Revival
 - Cultural Revival
 - Bottom Line: Minorities are what made Kashmiri Identity special
- Challenge to Seminar Speakers:
 - Continue harping on one-dimensional solutions to the waxing Kashmir issue, or
 - Strive for holistic solutions that take into account political realities of the subcontinent and the fate of minorities on both sides of the ceasefire line today